



# RAMA CORPORATION BAND AND STRIP HEATERS



***ESTABLISHED  
1947***



**RAMA CORPORATION**

**“INNOVATION THROUGH EXPERIENCE”**

**600 WEST ESPLANADE AVE SAN JACINTO CA 92583**

**TELEPHONE: 800.472.5670 FAX: 866.255.4414**

**EMAIL: SALES@RAMACORPORATION.COM**

**WWW.RAMACORPORATION.COM**



# Design and Construction

Rama®Band and Rama®Strip heaters are computer-designed and verified to Rama standards and customer specifications. Highest quality materials are used in manufacturing to assure long useful service life.

## RAMA® BAND HEATERS

### Mica Insulation

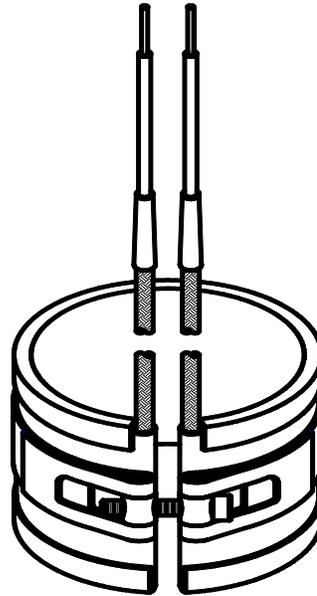
- Uniform thickness with excellent electrical insulation
- Mica sheets with excellent resistance to moisture

### Resistance Wire

- Precision wound by solid state turn counting winder for high repeatability and accuracy
- Nickel/chromium
- Uniform heat distribution

### High Emissivity Sheath

- Aluminized steel
- Temperature range to 900°F
- Rust resistant
- Approximately .130" thick



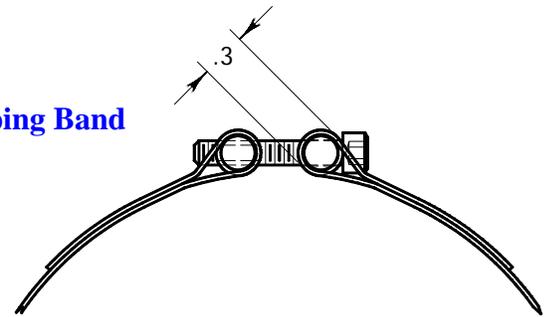
### Clamping Band

- Rugged stainless steel construction
- Design holds heater tightly against cylinder wall to maximize heat transfer
- Standard gap is 1/4"

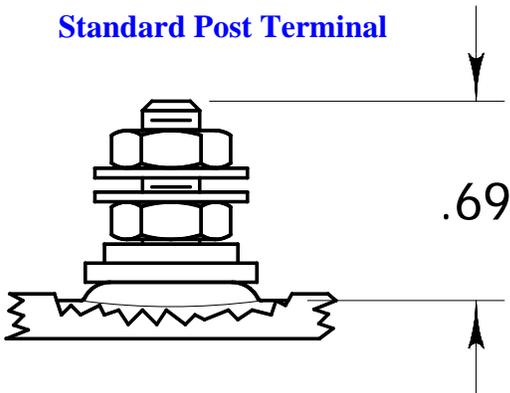
### Leadwires

- UL recognized rating
- Continuous 450°C service
- Standard leadwires are 12"

Standard Clamping Band

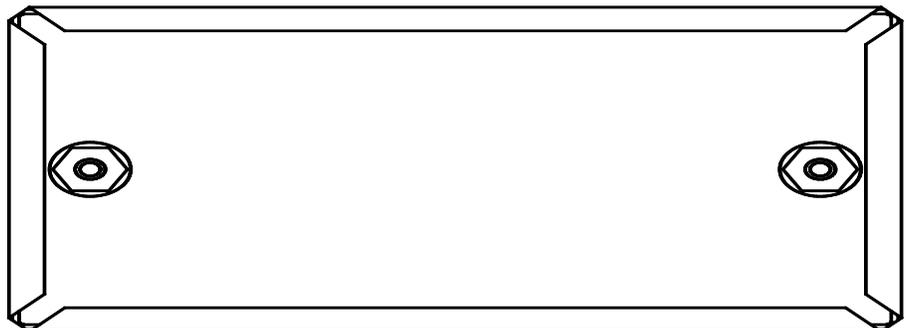


Standard Post Terminal



## RAMA® STRIP HEATERS

- Resistance ribbon/wire
- Approximately .188" thick
- Stainless steel or aluminized sheath





# Guide to Design Selection

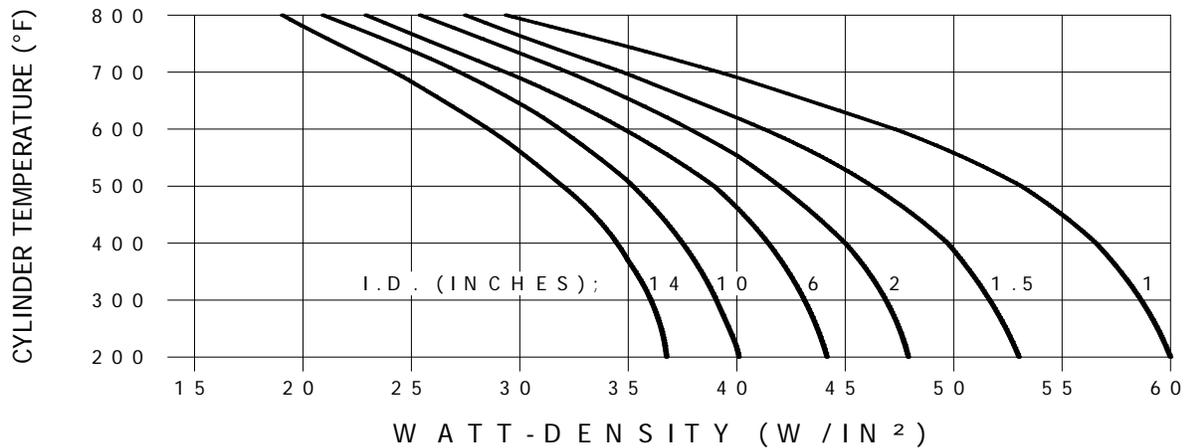
## Rama®Band

1. Select heaters with diameters closely matching your cylinder or barrel, allow a gap between ends to prevent touching when they are clamped. Standard gap is 1/4".
2. Calculate the surface area of your cylinder to be heated.
3. Using the curves shown, determine the recommended watt density for your operating temperatures. For heaters 2-1/2" or wider decrease watt density by 15%. Decrease watt density by 30% when using "on/off" thermostats instead of solid controllers.
4. Multiply surface area by watt density to determine required wattage for your heater.
5. Select correct combination of heaters from standard designs.

### Watt Density Formula for Band Heaters

$$\text{Watt Density for heater with leads} = \frac{\text{Wattage}}{(\text{Heater ID} \times 3.14) - .75 \times \text{width}}$$

$$\text{Watt Density for heater with posts} = \frac{\text{Wattage}}{(\text{Heater ID} \times 3.14) - 1.75 \times \text{width}}$$



## Rama®Strip

Using the calculations in the Engineering Section, calculate the power requirements for your strip heater.

### Watt Density Formula for Strip Heaters

$$\text{Watt Density for heater with leads} = \frac{\text{Wattage}}{(\text{Length-Cold}) \times \text{Width}}$$

$$\text{Watt Density for heater with posts} = \frac{\text{Wattage}}{(\text{Heater length-Cold}) \times \text{Width}}$$



## Clamping Rama®Band Heaters

Rama uses extra strength full band clamps, the standard, low-profile design utilizes a 22 gauge stainless steel with continuous strap and spot welded turnover. These provide full strength clamping with minimum heat distortion. In addition, Rama also provides a 90° facing clamp, which is an integral part of the heater sheath, and the pin and-screw clamp, which is spot welded to the heater sheath and does not require a clamping band. These latter two designs are available upon request. All standard designs are supplied with the standard full clamp band.

## Clamping/Derating Rama®Strip Heaters

Strip heaters should be firmly clamped to the surface to be heated to prevent expansion or bowing away from the heated surface. Clamping bars 1/4" thick are recommended spaced 3" to 4" apart. When spacing heaters as close as 3/4", or in close proximity to bright reflective surfaces, reduce wattage by 10%.

## Installation and Operation

To maximize performance of the Rama®Band and Rama®Strip heater, follow these instructions:

- Do not bend 1 piece heaters
- To provide close contact with heating surface, tighten clamping bands while taping around the outside of band heaters. After heat-up, occasionally re-tighten the clamping band.
- Match the wattage of band and strip heaters as closely as possible to avoid excessive on/off cycling.
- To tighten post terminals, bottom nut should be held in place while tightening top nut (to avoid putting stress on terminal).
- Avoid spilling oils, grease, water or molten plastic on leadwires, post terminals or ends of heaters.
- Do not pull on leadwires with a force exceeding 15 lbs.
- Make sure strip heaters fit in close contact with surface to be heated, using clamping bars as required. After heat-up be sure heater has not expanded or bowed away from surface, re-tighten as required.
- Select the band heater whose diameter most closely approximates the diameter of your part.



# Configurations

## Standard Designs

TYPE	COVERING	Rama®Band	Rama®Strip	MOD	LEADWIRES OR POST TERMINALS	
					RAMA®BAND	RAMA®STRIP
A	Metal Braid	Same side, each end 3/4" minimum width		N	2-piece, identical halves; any leadwire or post terminal configuration min ID 3.0"	
B	3" Fiberglass Sleeving				N/A	
C	Metal Braid	Single point of exit perpendicular to heater surface 1" minimum width		P	WYE 3Ø, any leadwire or post terminal except Type C,D, or E	
D	3" Fiberglass Sleeving				Same	
E	Flexible Metal Conduit			Q	1-piece, bendable; any leadwire or post terminal except Type L under 3-1/2" width	
F	3" Fiberglass Sleeving	Each end of heater on opposite sides 3/4" minimum width			N/A	
G	Metal Braid			R	Dual voltage/wattage; any leadwire or post terminal except Type C,D, or E (consult factory)	
H	3" Fiberglass Sleeving	Leadwires exit each end of heater, perpendicular to heater surface 1-1/2" min width and 1-1/2" min dia			Same	
J	Metal Braid			T	90° facing clamp; any leadwire or post terminal except A,B,F, or G	

TYPE	POST TERMINALS RAMA®BAND RAMA®STRIP
K	Each end 1" min width and 1-1/2" min diameter
L	Same end, adjacent; 2" min width
M	Same end, tandem, 1" min width and 2" min diameter

## Design Specifications

- Standard leadwire length for all band and strip heaters is 12"
- Max ID for 1-piece Rama®Band is normally 14-1/2"; anything over 14-1/2" would be a 2-piece design. Consult factory for longer ID requirements.
- Min ID for 2-piece Rama®Band construction is 3".
- Standard terminal box dimensions: 1-1/2" wide, 1-1/2" depth at centerline, length may vary based on configuration. Dimensions for heaters with terminal box: Min heater Dia is 3", min width is 1-1/2" Min Dia for 2-piece construction is 6".
- **Note:** The Min Dia may be greater depending on type of terminal used on heater.
- For welded barrel nut clamps the top metal outer sheath must be stainless steel.
- Select heaters with diameters closely matching your cylinder or barrel ; allow a .25" gap between ends to prevent touching when they are clamped.
- Strip heaters under 2" wide have a full fold over.

## Ordering Information

### Rama®Band

- Inside diameter and width
- Wattage, voltage, and phase
- Operating temperature of cylinder or extrusion barrel
- Leadwire or post terminal design
- Leadwire length
- Type of clamping band

### Rama®Strip

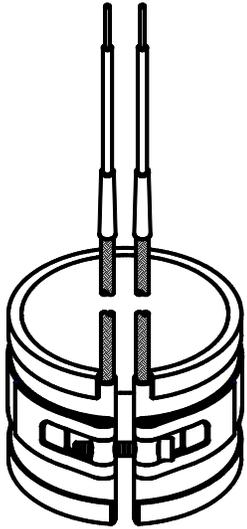
- Length and width
- Wattage, voltage and phase
- Operating temperature of plate, plaster or die block
- Leadwire or post terminal design
- Leadwire length
- Specify with or without mounting holes. Standard slots: 3/16" x 3/8"

If you require special holes, cutouts, etc. for thermostats, thermocouples or unusual shapes, please submit drawings for design configuration. Consult factory for strip heaters over 45" long or 12" wide.



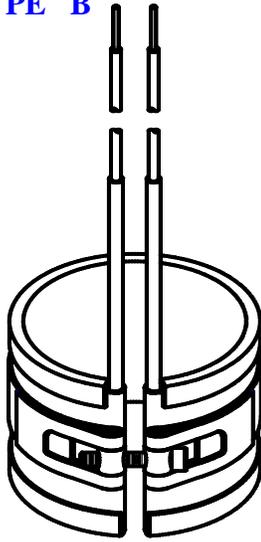
# RAMA®BAND HEATER DESIGNS

**TYPE A**



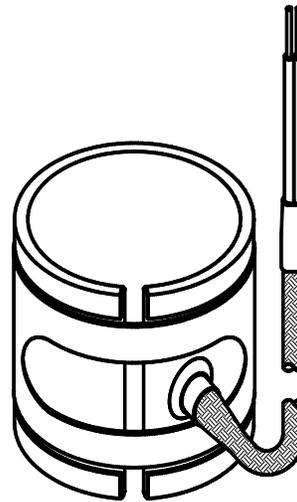
3" nominal metal braid sleeved leadwires, exit same side of each end of heater

**TYPE B**



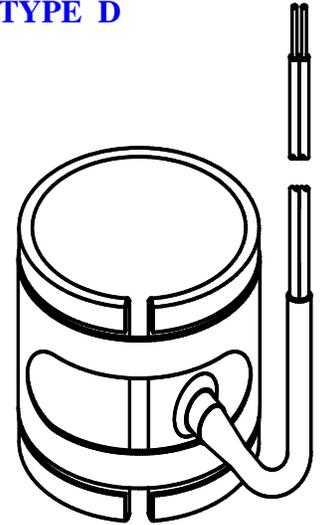
3" nominal fiberglass sleeved leadwires exit same side of heater

**TYPE C**



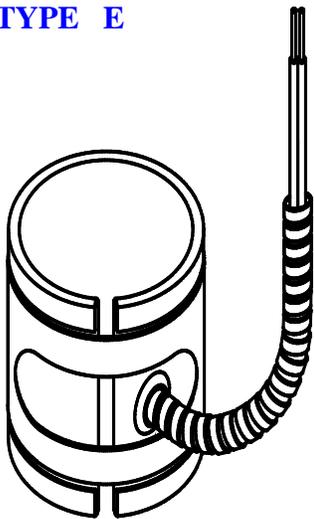
Metal braid covered leadwire exit from one point on sheath surface.

**TYPE D**



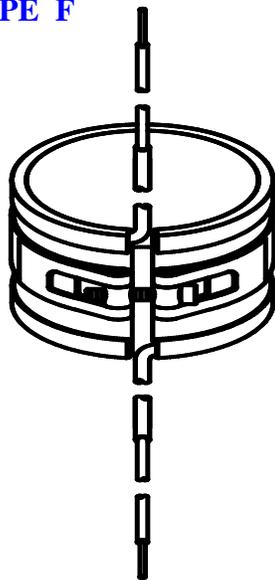
3" nominal fiberglass sleeved leadwires exit from one point on sheath surface

**TYPE E**



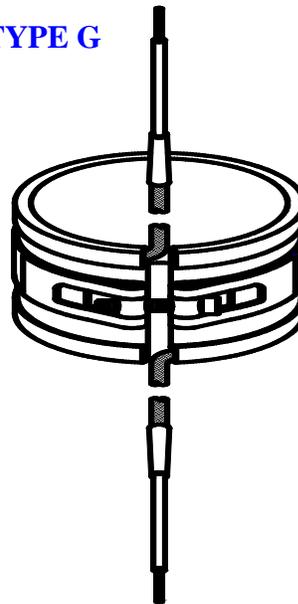
Flexible metal conduit covers leadwires, exit from one point on sheath surface

**TYPE F**



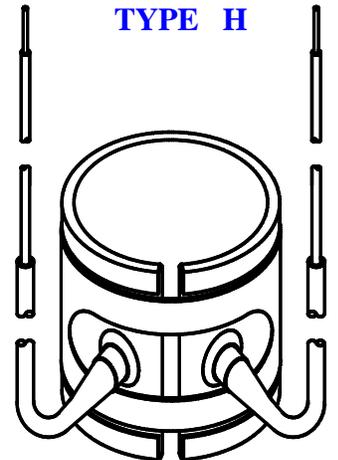
3" nominal fiberglass sleeved leadwires exit from opposite sides each end of heater

**TYPE G**



Metal braid leadwires exit from opposite sides at each end of heater

**TYPE H**

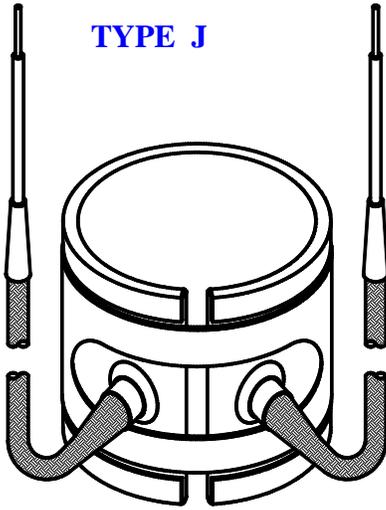


3" nominal fiberglass sleeved leadwires exit from sheath surface at each end of heater



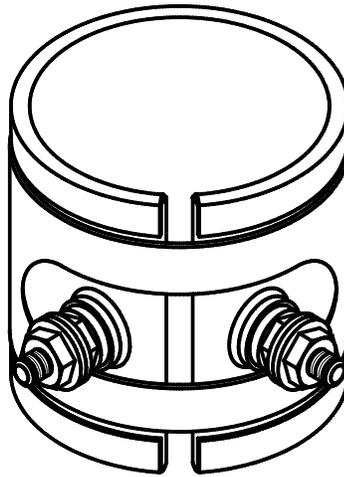
# RAMA®BAND HEATER DESIGNS CONTINUED

**TYPE J**



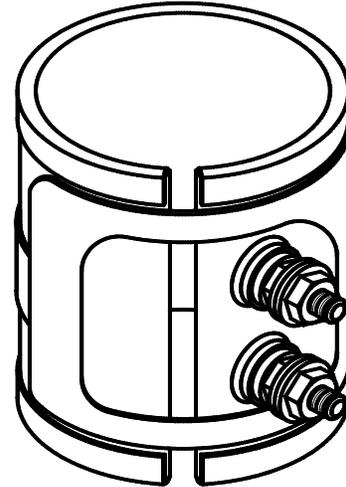
Metal braid covered leadwires exit from sheath surface at each end of heater

**TYPE K**



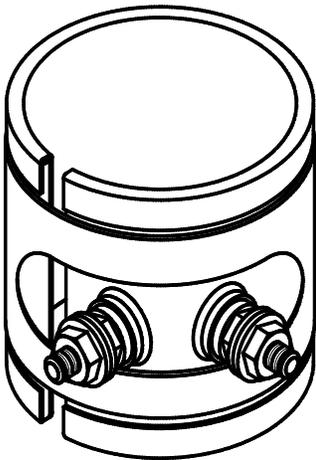
Post terminals at each end of heater

**TYPE L**



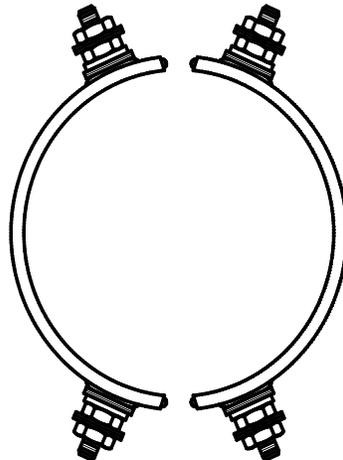
Post terminal located adjacent at one end of heater

**TYPE M**



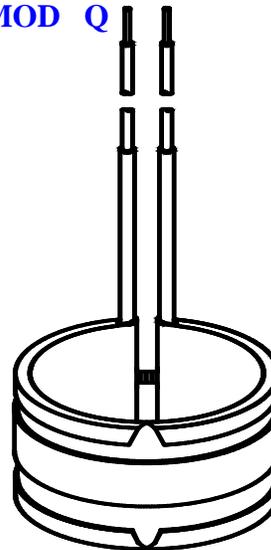
Post terminals located tandem at one end of heater

**MOD N**



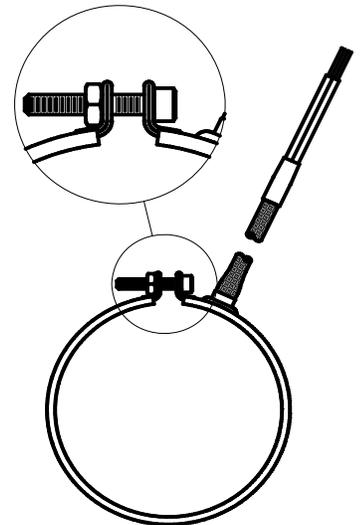
Two piece heater with post terminals or leadwires at each end of heater half. Each type N band will be rated at 1/2 total wattage. When wired in series, each half will be rated 1/2 total voltage. When wired in parallel, each half will be rated at total voltage.

**MOD Q**



One piece bendable heater with post terminals or leadwires at open end of heater

**MOD T**



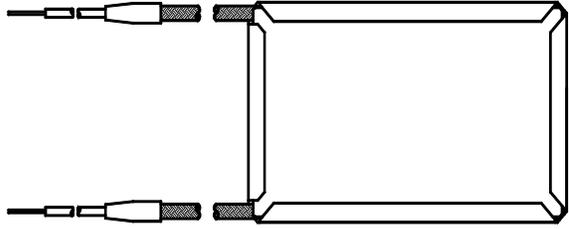
90° Facing Clamp



# RAMA®STRIP HEATER DESIGNS

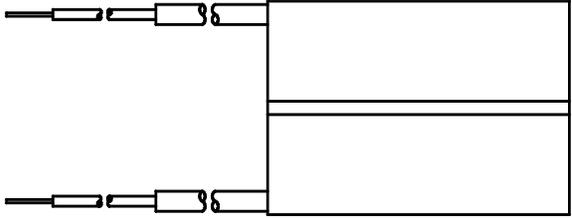
## TYPE A

Metal braid covers leadwires exit same end of heater



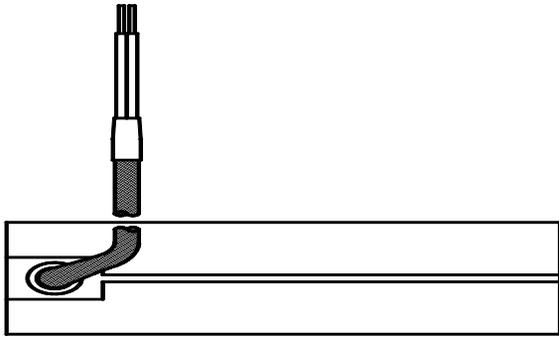
## TYPE B

3" nominal standard silicone rubber fiberglass sleeved leadwires exit same end of heater



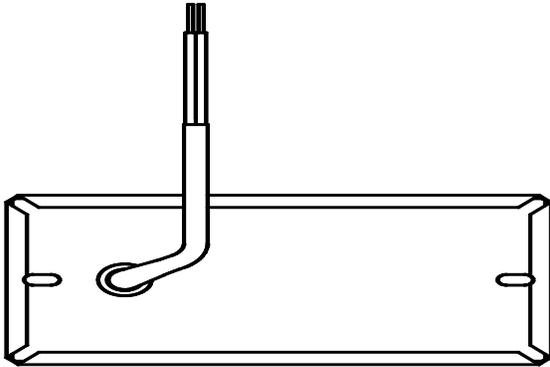
## TYPE C

Metal braid covered leadwires exit from one point on sheath surface



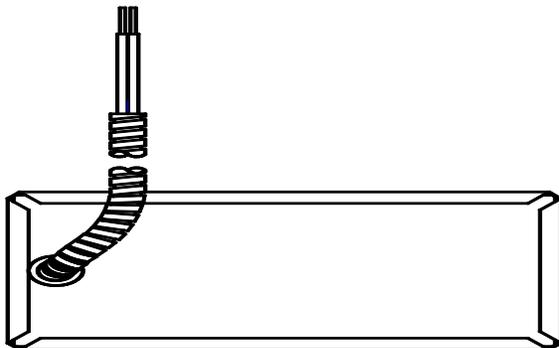
## TYPE D

3" nominal standard silicone rubber fiberglass sleeved leadwires



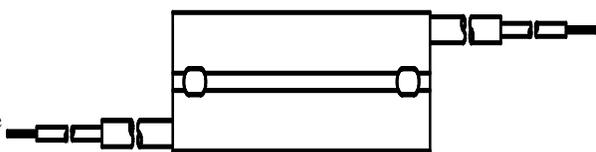
## TYPE E

Flexible metal conduit covered leadwires exit from one point on sheath



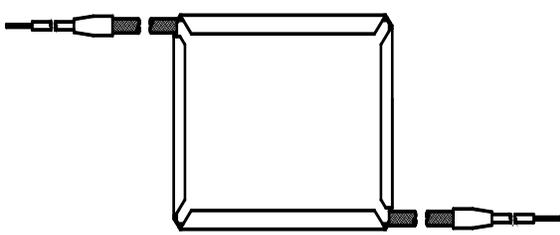
## TYPE F

3" nominal standard silicone rubber fiberglass sleeved leadwires exit from opposite sides of each end of heater



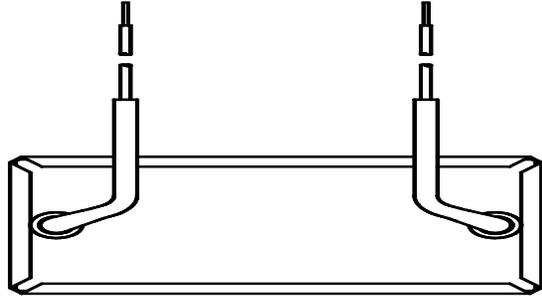
## TYPE G

Metal braid covered leadwires exit from opposite sides of each end of heater



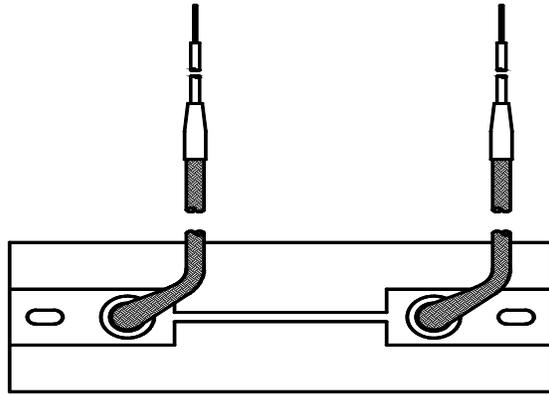
## TYPE H

3" nominal standard silicone rubber fiberglass sleeved leadwires exit from sheath surface at each end of heater



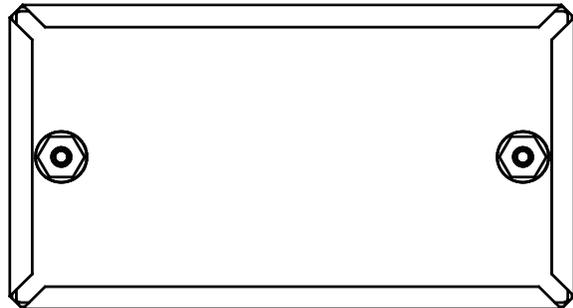
## TYPE J

Utilizes metal braid covered leadwires



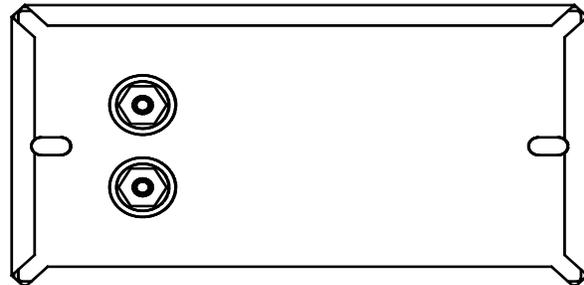
## TYPE K

Post terminals at each end of heater



## TYPE L

Post terminals located adjacent at one end of heater



## TYPE M

Tandem post terminals located at one end of heater

